



## Special this Week

Early Ohio Seed Potatoes Guaranteed Pure  
**SPECIAL**

Veg. Soups 2 for 25  
Rhubarb 10 cts Lb  
Last call on the 4 Doz. for \$1.00 Oranges

We have some September Cheese on the block  
**TRY IT**

**Acadia Produce Co.**

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

G. W. BIRDFOOT

GEO. E. AITKEN

## Blackhawk Wrenches are guaranteed

IF YOU BREAK ONE WE WILL  
GLADLY REPLACE IT FREE  
OF CHARGE

Full range of car and  
tractor sizes in stock

**Cooley Bros. Local Dealers**  
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA

## CANADIAN NATIONAL MAKING

## Low Cost Vacations

Possible for thousands of  
Residents in Western Canada

IN arranging low fares for prairie residents, we regard this part of our work as a great and important public service. . . always ready with men, equipment plus the experience which enables us to care for any movement with smoothness and efficiency.

### SUGGESTIONS

Jasper National Park  
Pacific Coast, Alaska  
Miami  
Ontario, Quebec  
Maritime Provinces  
Overseas Tour

THIS summer—escape for a little while from the dull sameness of summering days. Our low fares from May 15 to Sept. 30 (with a final return limit Oct. 31, make it easy.

OUR trains pass through a territory replete with scenic grandeur; of historical and educational value to the traveler. Nothing superior to our sleeping and dining car service. . . Radio an added feature on through trains.

### THINK IT OVER!

Whatever vacation section you have in mind, our local agent will be pleased to give every assistance. He will be glad to quote lowest fares and make all arrangements for you—or write J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, Edmonton

**Canadian National**

Running down a timber wolf with a railway locomotive was the unusual sport tried near North Bay recently when a C.P.R. light engine bagged a 80 pound specimen. Engineer M. Lafontaine on rounding a curve saw the wolf on the tracks a short distance ahead, and opening the throttle, succeeded in striking the beast with the pilot steps. Conductor W. G. Watling ran back and finished off the animal with a poker. A bounty is paid on wolf skins by the government as the animals are a menace to game and livestock.

Canada now holds the world record for winter cruises. With one cruise around the world, another to South America and Africa, a cruise to the Mediterranean and three to the West Indies this season, the red and white streaked hulls of the Canadian Pacific are seen in nearly every important port in the world. Next season another cruise is to be added, making two to the Mediterranean, and extensive additions will be made to the itinerary of the "Empress of Australia" on her seventh cruise around the world, starting December 2nd.

## OBITUARY

The community was shocked and saddened when the news came that our much loved neighbor, Mrs. Norman McKinnon, had passed away at the Cereal Hospital, after a very short illness.

Mrs. McKinnon with her sunny disposition and true Christian character had endeared herself to a large circle of friends, neighbors and acquaintances. Her home, filled with cheerfulness and hospitality, and her smile of welcome at the door will always remain with us as a sweet memory of her fine personality.

A very effective sermon, showing the shortness and uncertainty of life, and the necessity of being prepared to meet God—was given by Rev. McDowell, Pastor of the Nazarine Church at Coltholme.

It seems at such a time of sorrow and sadness that words are voids and fall short of expressing the feeling we have towards those who are left to mourn. The hearts of the whole community go out in deep sympathy to the husband, who must take up life's duties alone, and the two little daughters—Estelle age 14—and Jessie 4 years and 14 months; also to all the relatives whose hearts are sad at this sudden grief.

Mrs. McKinnon was a willing worker in Church and Sunday School; she and her husband being at the head of the Clover Leaf where the children and adults learned to love her. She was always willing to take her part in any good cause and with her sweet voice to sing the praises of God. We know she was ready to go when the Master called.

She was buried in the Chinook Cemetery.

The deceased Martha Agnes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dyden was born in Covington, Indiana, January 25th, 1882. After her father's death the family moved to Cissna Park, Ill., where she resided until 1910, when she moved with her mother and brother John to Los Angeles, California. On January 13th 1914, she was married to Norman D. McKinnon of Los Angeles. They moved to Coltholme, Alberta, March 1914, where she resided until the time of her death. She was converted in early years and joined the Presbyterian Church and was active in christian work ever since. She layed to mourn her loss, her husband, two daughters, Estella, 14 years, Jessie 4 year 10 months, a sister, Mrs. C. O. Cavitt, Wood and Ill., a brother, William Dryden, of Cissna Park, Ill. Our loss is her gain.

The pall-bearers were; N. D. Stewart, Col. Wilson, W. W. Wilson, N. D. Morrison, H. Dunster and John McKinnon. The floral tributes were contributed by the following: Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Warran, Mr. and Mrs. W. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. and Chis. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Bossenbury, W. S. Lee, Acadia Produce Co., Robinson Bros., Clover Leaf Sunday School and other friends. Deceased was a member of the W. F. M. S.

Mr. McKinnon and family has the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

Written by a friend.

We regret to record the death of Loraing Begon, who passed away on Tuesday, May

7th, following an illness of about two weeks. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Begon, Chinook. The funeral service was held in the Catholic Church, was conducted by Rev. Father Lynett. Mass was held at 10 o'clock, funeral service at 11 a.m. She left to mourn her loss, her mother, father one sister and five brothers. Mr. and Mrs. Begon has the sympathy of all. Floral tributes were contributed by Loraing's school class, C. G. I. L. girls, women's institute, Mrs. Colleen, Mrs. Loraing, Mrs. Jacques and Mrs. Lee. Loraing was loved by her school friends.

## CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

### WHEAT

1 Northern ..... \$ .93  
2 Northern ..... .90  
3 Northern ..... .84  
No. 4 ..... .79  
No. 5 ..... .70  
No. 6 ..... .50  
Feed ..... .45

### OATS

2 C. W. .... .41  
3 C. W. .... .35  
Feed ..... .34

### BARLEY

3 C. W. .... .52  
4 C. W. .... .48  
Feed ..... .30

### RYE

2 C. W. .... .74  
3 C. W. .... .69

### FLAX

1 N. W. .... 1.71  
2 C. W. .... 1.67  
3 C. W. .... 1.61

### BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter ..... .25  
Eggs ..... .15

## AT THE CHINOOK THEATRE Friday & Sat'day This Week

Charley Chaplin  
IN  
**A Dogs Life**  
EFATURE  
Big Killing and  
Collegians  
NEXT WEEK  
**CLARA BOW**  
in  
**Get Your Man**  
Special Prices

## Chinook Cafe

Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and is comfortable and clean—the place you can enjoy your meals.

### BOOTHS FOR LADIES

### Rooms in Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes and  
Tobaccoes  
Soft Drinks, Fruit in Season  
Confectionery and Ice  
Cream Parlor

Chen Sam, Prop.

## Large Range of G. W. G. Overalls, Smocks and Shirts

Choice Black Tea

Reg. 65c

This Week 45c



Work Gloves

and

Shoes

Take Advantage of our Grocery Specials

**HURLEY'S**

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Be Good to Your Feet. You Use Them  
a Lot. We Sell Sisman's and Greb's  
Work Shoes - - Both are Leaders.

Every thing in running and  
tennis shoes.

**Watson's Gloves**

**We Sell William Penn  
Motor Oil  
S. H. SMITH**

Phone 14.

Chinook.

Spring Time Is Clean Up Time

**Kalsomine**

**Paint**

**Varnish**

**Oils and Turpentine**

Let Us Supply Your Wants

**Banner Hardware**

Chinook,

Alta.

IF at any time you have news that would be of interest to the general public, please hand into the Chinook Advance for publication. We always appreciate receiving news and our subscribers appreciate reading it.

## Insure the Life of Your Car

The depreciation can be greatly reduced if it is housed in a weather proof garage. It is costly economy to only half shelter an investment such as an automobile and no one can afford it. Build that garage now without delay. Let us tell you the exact cost.

A Car of Willow Pickets Just Unloaded

**Imperial Lumber Yards Ltd.**

CHINOOK

Phone 12

ALTA

Red Rose Orange Pekoe Tea is truly economical. A half pound makes almost as many cups as a full pound of cheap tea costing 50c to 60c.

# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good  
In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

## Radio--An Agency For Peace

The sittings now being held by the Royal Commission on Radio appointed by the Dominion Government to study the whole question of broadcasting, and make report to the Government as to best policy for Canada to adopt in the national interests of the whole Dominion, is having the effect of directing attention from the purely local and entertainment features of this latest of great modern discoveries and causing people to appreciate more fully the tremendous possibilities of aerial communication, both in a national and international sense.

While undoubtedly there is a feeling of regret in Canada that, because of natural causes, it is much easier for people in Western Canada to "listen in" on stations in the Central Western States than it is to "get" stations in Eastern Canada, and for Eastern Canadian listeners to receive the programmes broadcast from New York, Philadelphia, and other Eastern United States cities than it is for them to "tune in" on Western Canadian Stations—a condition for which it is hoped the present Radio Commission can find some solution, the fact remains that a closer community of interest between Canada and the United States, and consequently a still better understanding, is being developed by means of the radio. And community of interest and understanding is the greatest of all bulwarks to Peace.

But to many in this country it will come as a welcome surprise to learn of the great strides made by radio in Europe and the effect it is having in promoting greater understanding among the diverse nationalities and languages of that war-afflicted continent. It is almost inconceivable that within less than eleven years of the signing of the Armistice ending the Great War, the radio should be used in Germany and England to teach the people, not merely school children but adults, the French language; that international "hook-ups" of Germany, Poland, Austria, Hungary, France, and other countries are being regularly carried out, so that people in Paris and Warsaw can listen to German concerts in Berlin and Hamburg, and the German people can enjoy the opera in Paris, or a great symphony orchestra in Vienna or Budapest.

There are some good people in Canada who still retain the old fashioned idea that it is unpractical, and liable to undermine British institutions in this country, if children are taught in our schools to speak and read French, German, or any language but English. In entertaining such ideas Canadians are far behind the times; they are not nearly so far advanced as they are in England and other countries where the learning of foreign languages is compulsory. If every Canadian child, whether of British or French descent, was obliged to learn both English and French, Canada would in a generation become more powerful, influential and prosperous. It would open to our people the rich literature of both races; it would give us greater prestige among all nations; it would help to promote our export trade in all the markets of the world. In this Canada, by reason of its two great races, has an opportunity no other nation enjoys, yet we are not only neglecting it, but many people urge that it would be disloyal to our British connection to encourage it. Yet Britain herself is doing it.

It is predicted that within three years, five years at the most, Canadians will, through the development of national broadcasting at home, use of the beam system of wireless across the ocean, be able to sit in their homes and "listen in" on the finest programmes in the world broadcast from London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and other European centres of culture, art and music.

We can now speak with Europe by telephone from the heart of Canada's prairies, and the day is fast approaching, so those in a position to know authoritatively state, when by radio we will be in more or less constant communication with Europe, receiving the best they have to offer in public addresses, vocal and instrumental music, and the important news of the day. In turn, Canada will be brought equally close to them. And, in all probability, "seeing" Europe and European happenings through the instrumentality of the radio will more or less rapidly follow "hearing" just as, in reverse order, the "talking" picture has followed the silent movie.

And these things are all to the good, in the cause of world peace. As we know people and understand them our prejudices and suspicions are removed. We learn they are human just like ourselves; that they have high ideals and are inspired by lofty motives; that they love the things we love, and hate the unclean, the ugly, the vicious, just hate them. As we come to understand their problems, difficulties and aspirations, and they come to understand ours, mutual sympathy will develop, followed by a desire for co-operation, rather than antagonism.

It is only so, through mutual understanding, that permanent world peace can be maintained and the maximum of true progress be made.

## Protecting Canada's Fisheries

Means Taken To Guard Against Depletion Of Finny Tribe  
River and lake fisheries certainly, and sea fisheries probably, if left to

themselves, conform to the economic law of diminishing returns. The Canadian Government, accordingly, has had for a main object the prevention of depletion, the enforcement of close seasons, the forbidding of obstructions and pollution, and the regulation of nets, gear and fishing operations generally. In addition, an extensive system of fish culture has been organized, the Dominion operating 25 main hatcheries, 6 subsidiary hatcheries, and 4 salmon retaining ponds in 1927.

Minard's Liniment for cuts and bruises.

## False Economy

There are not many people who would die of starvation rather than dig into their savings, but we often see men who do not know how to enjoy their money. They deny themselves the natural pleasures of life and in the end are forced to leave their money to people who never helped to earn it.

At 452 degrees below zero some metals, such as silver and copper, lose their resistance to electricity, becoming superconductors.

Smile—Her face was like five miles of detour.

Minard's Liniment—good for tired feet.

## Measuring Lightning Flash

No Part Of It Ever Lasts For Appreciable Time

A lightning flash takes about one-seventh of a second to complete itself and no part of it lasts more than approximately one-thirtieth of a second. This is the first time in history that the speed of a lightning flash has been measured. It has also been proved that lightning starts from the clouds and the ground at nearly the same instant, and approximately one-seventh of a second later the two ends unite in mid-air. These facts were determined by Dr. C. U. Boys, a British physicist, who has been attempting hundreds of photographs for the last twenty-six years, until a stroke of lightning in New York at last gave him this information.

## Northern Air Ports

Settlements In Northern Manitoba To Have Air Mail Service

Manitoba's northern settlements of Ouel, Carleton Place, and Island Lake will be added to the growing chain of northern air mail points of call. Hon. P. J. Veniot, postmaster-general, announced in the House of Commons.

Mr. Veniot stated that arrangements had been completed for the conveyance of mail to and from these northern points once a week by aeroplanes of the government forestry patrol at Norway House, at the north end of Lake Winnipeg.

## RHEUMATIC PAINS

Cannot Be Rubbed Out—The Trouble Must Be Treated Through the Blood

The pain of rheumatism is something that you cannot rub out. Every sufferer from rheumatism has been advised to rub this or that liniment or oil on the affected part, but all the rubbing the pain remained. Thin blood and rheumatism come together and if they are properly treated will go together. Anemia means thin blood, and thin blood is something that can be corrected, so why not build up the blood until the rheumatic poisons are driven out?

This is exactly what is done in the treatment of rheumatism with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Rheumatism in any form shows improvement as the thin blood is built up, and when the poisons in the blood are overcome and driven out, rheumatism disappears and does not return so long as the blood is kept rich and red. The great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the treatment of rheumatism is proved by the case of Mr. Thomas Martin of Novar, Ont., who says: "For some years I was so badly troubled with rheumatism that I could hardly walk and suffered great pain. I had medical treatment but did not get much relief. Then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after taking the pills for some time the trouble disappeared and has not since shown the least sign of returning."

You can get these pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Pedigreed Hatching Eggs

A record shipment of pedigreed White Leghorn hatching eggs was made recently by the Poultry Breeders' Association of British Columbia to a hatchery at Petaluma, California. The shipment consisted of 36,000 eggs valued at \$3,000.

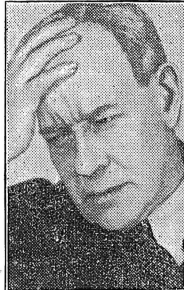


## Illness Kept Her From Work

"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I was so sick every month that I had to keep my bed for two days and I suffered so that I finally gave up. I had been working in a factory but for a long time was not able to work as I was so run-down and nervous. My friends told me of the Vegetable Compound. I am now sound and well and have gone back to work. I have a good appetite, my color is good and I am in good spirits."—Evelyn Bourque, 132 Alma Street, Moncton, New Brunswick.

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass. U.S.A. and Chicago, Ontario, Canada.



A DOZEN different things may cause a headache, but there's just one thing you need ever do to get immediate relief. Aspirin is an absolute antidote for such pain. Keep it at the office. Have it ready in the home. These subjects to frequent or sudden headaches should carry Aspirin in the handy pocket tin. Until you have used it for headaches, colds, neuralgia, etc., you've no idea how much Aspirin can help. It means quick, complete relief to millions of men and women who use it every year. And it does not depress the heart.

**ASPIRIN**  
Aspirin is a Trademark Registered in Canada

## New Death Dealing Ray

Electrical Driver Recently Invented Develops Three Million Volts

H. H. Nelson-Smith, engineer on the staff of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company in San Francisco, said a "death ray" device had been invented by J. E. Martin, electrical engineer of San Francisco. The new device, he said, was capable of developing three million volts.

The Martin machine, Nelson-Smith stated, is housed "somewhere in San Francisco," but its exact whereabouts is being kept secret. The invention has been working in co-operation with the electric company. "Anyone who got in the path of the ray would be instantly snuffed out, the chemical composition of his blood would be changed and the life cells disintegrated," he said.

Phrases This Asthma Remedy. A graded user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though for thirteen years he had sought relief. Years of needless suffering may be prevented by using this wonderful remedy at the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple, its cost is slight, and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

## Discover Hungarian Tribes

Historian Finds Ancient Settlement In Heart Of India

Professor Stephen Gajdar, archaeologist and historian, has returned from a 12-months exploration trip in India and announced that he had discovered two Hungarian tribes in the heart of that country. He said they were named Men and Marva.

He also said that he had found the ruins of an ancient palace, together with manuscripts, statues and ceramics which proved that the palace belong to Huns.

These tribes, the professor said, were descendants of Magyar nomads who left their homeland to conquer Europe with the army of Attila 1,600 years ago.

## B.C. Salmon Pack

The position as regards the salmon pack of British Columbia is improving under present conservation methods. The 1928 pack is now reported at 2,035,637 cases, which is only 29,561 cases lower than the record pack of 1926. The pack of pinks totalled 792,362 cases, or 19,369 cases more than the 1926 record.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, or infant in the state of adolescence who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a quiver of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

The Teacher—You have failed in geography again. Bobbie—No. You only said me did I know the capital of Minnesota and I said I didn't, which, was true.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

From July 14 to 17, 1911, 88.15 inches of rain fell at Baguio in the Philippine Islands. More than 45 inches fell on one day.

Neuralgia succumbs to Minard's Liniment.

## Attractions For Tourists

Vast Extent Of Canada Offers Visitors Interesting Holiday

Canada has a million square miles of forest, countless lakes and thousands of miles of rivers and brooks, providing the finest hunting, fishing, canoeing and camping. The vast extent of Canada and the diversity of conditions in different sections make it difficult for the prospective visitor who is not familiar with the country to decide which particular section interests him most. To overcome this the Department of the Interior has published "Vacations in Canada," a 96-page handbook which sets forth the attractions which Canada offers to tourists and sportsmen. This booklet describes the tourist attractions of each region in the Dominion—the climate, the motor roads, the points of historic interest, the fishing, hunting, canoeing and camping, the principal cities and the popular summer and winter resorts. In addition it gives a summary of the Canadian Customs regulations. "Vacations in Canada" is distributed without charge, from the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior, at Ottawa.

## Wins Oratorical Contest

Marceline Brunet, 17, of Newwood, Man., representing the French-speaking schools of the province, won the Manitoba oratorical contest the other day. She was opposed by ten entrants from English-speaking schools in the final match. Miss Brunet will represent Manitoba in the Canadian oratorical finals. She attended convent at St. Adolphe, Man.

## Sore Corns Drop Off If You USE "Putnam's"

When you notice any sign of callos on the feet or toes—that's the time to paint on a few drops of PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Do this, and you prevent corns. No matter if the corn is hard or soft. Let it be on top or between the toes. Putnam's will remove it without pain. Insist on PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. It does the work—and roots out the corn, quickly and without pain.

## Health and Motor Accidents

Men with high blood pressure should use extraordinary care in driving automobiles, according to recent experiments conducted by psychologists of the personnel research federation. These experiments showed a definite relation between health and motor accidents. Men with high blood pressure were found to have more than twice as many accidents as those with normal pressure.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn remover be used.

Forty automobiles can be driven abreast at low tide on the beach of Jacksonville, Fla. The sand is as firm as on a paved street.

Minard's Liniment relieves pain.

Einstein should make a good train caller or bellhop, as nobody can understand what he is talking about.



Safety against skidding—Safety when brakes say "stop"—Safety at high speeds—Safety wherever and whenever you drive your car—all these are yours when you drive on Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires.

And don't forget that they go farther at less cost than any other tires you can buy.

See your nearest Firestone Dealer today!

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED  
Hamilton Ontario

**Firestone Tires**

## A Young Linguist

George Grand, 4, of Vador, Wash., is a linguist of ability. He speaks English or Croatian with equal facility. He was born in America, but his parents came from Dalmatia. He reads the letters of the alphabet in both English and Croatian, and can converse to 20 in both languages, and converses freely.

More than 50,000,000 rabbit skins are made into felt hats in the United States every year.

## Could Not Sleep Pumping and Pounding

Mrs. Fred. P. Averill, 138-12th Ave., Calgary, Alta., writes:—"I was bothered so much with my heart I could not sleep. I would wake up in the night screaming, and my heart would start pumping and pounding. A neighbor lady told me to try



so I started taking them and I can truthfully say I am a different woman. Altogether I only took two boxes."

Price 50c a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

**So Many Home Uses!**

Keep foods fresh longer by covering them with Para-Sani

Use Para-Sani to keep Dad's lunch neatly fresh

Keep the freshness in sandwiches prepared for the party with a covering of Para-Sani

**YOU'LL FIND A** hundred vital, saving uses for Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper in your home. Comes in handy, sanitary, knife-edged packages. For less exacting uses: "Centre Pull" Waxed Tissue (flat sheets). At grocers, druggists, stationers.

**Appleford Paper Products**  
HAMILTON LIMITED ONTARIO

Western Representatives:  
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.



## Grain Commission Discovers Many Matters That Should Be Rectified To Good Advantage

The appointment of the Saskatchewan Commission of inquiry was the result of accumulating complaints and of a combination of circumstances last fall. Wheat was down in price, the yield and quality of the grain in a large part of Saskatchewan had suffered on account of frost, and there was stricter grading with a view to protecting the reputation of Canadian wheat in the export market. Increasing complaints submitted in a demand for the reorganization of the Board of Grain Commissioners, and the same demand was heard in Alberta and Manitoba. With a view to getting the facts and clearing up the situation as far as possible, the Saskatchewan Government appointed the commission of inquiry.

There have been many commissions appointed by the provincial and federal governments to investigate the handling of the grain. They have all suggested improvements and an incidental result has been the education of the farmers on the grain question through reading the evidence taken and the reports made by the commissions. While there may be a great deal of misunderstanding among some of the farmers, there are others who have an intelligent grasp of their own business that is not surpassed by that of the farmers of any other country. Improvements in the methods and system of handling the grain are, also, constantly discussed by the committee on agriculture at Ottawa, and a great deal has been done in years past toward protecting the interests of the farmers.

The present commission in its interim report, finds many minor matters that it thinks should be rectified, and it entirely agrees with the complaint of the farmers that the Grain Board is too far removed from them. The Board is given credit for good service in many ways, and it is recognized that it was hampered by the conditions under which it was working. Under the Grain Act, its headquarters were at Fort William, and it had an inadequate staff of inspectors to deal with complaints throughout the West, apart from the question whether a board of three commissioners could properly cover so wide a field. The commission recommends the enlarging of the board, the locating of the head office wherever the board thinks best, and the maintenance of offices at Fort William and Vancouver and in each of the Prairie Provinces, with enough inspectors to deal adequately with complaints. The personal factor in the supervision of the handling of the grain is stressed by the commission. It urges the selection of well-qualified men for the Grain Board, with the Chief Commissioner a man of outstanding ability. Increasing the remuneration of inspectors to prevent so many being drawn off by the pools and by private companies, thus lowering the efficiency of the staff, is recommended. And it is proposed that elevator agents throughout the West should be licensed, with power to the Grain Board to cancel licenses, in order to have better assurance of the competence and reliability of the men receiving the grain at the elevators. The report states that while most of the agents are satisfactory, there are some who are not, and should not be engaged for the work.

The report says that the farmers are not satisfied that they feel that they would get a better price for their grain but for what happens to it after it leaves their hands. The report also says that the farmers are not getting the fullest return possible for their product.

The Committee on Agriculture at Ottawa, which has been discussing the grain question for weeks, particularly grading and mixing, will receive this report of the Saskatchewan Commission, and some of its recommendations at least will doubtless be included in their report to Parliament and result in legislation that will better protect the interests of the farmers and remove some of the cause of complaint.—*Manitoba Free Press.*

### Solved Housing Problem

Missouri College Student Finds Moveable Home Very Convenient

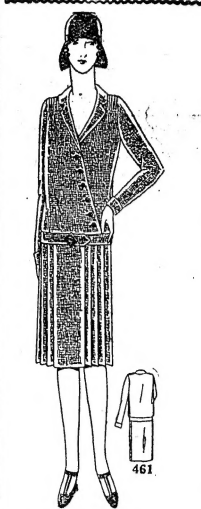
John Davenport, of Mercer, Mo., wanted to go to college but didn't have the money to pay room rent, so he built his own home and moved it to Trenton so that he could attend junior college there. When he has completed his two-year course he will move his little house to Columbia and finish his college education at the University.

When Davenport wants to "move" he pulls twenty-five bolts and the house is ready to be packed on a truck. He can rebuild in six hours. He plans to settle outside the city limits, or wherever he can find the cheapest site. The house is a one-room affair, heated by a little coal stove. John cooks his own meals on a three-burner oil stove.

He gets his supplies from the store-room of home-canned vegetables and fruits at home. He uses his Ford car to transport the food.

The windows are large and neatly curtained. The furniture is adequate, but meagre. The little shelter is electrically lighted.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



### THE CHIC SPORTS TYPE

The chic sports dress of feather-weight woven in grey tones, uses black bone buttons to emphasize diagonal line of bodice belted at normal waistline. The skirt has plaits each side of centre, forming box-pleat to carry out vertical line. Style No. 461 can be had in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 42 inches bust. Checked silk in red and white gingham pattern is ultra-smart for now and later for resort. A navy blue silk crepe with dots of chartreuse shade is sportive and wearable. Plain light blue silk crepe, printed cotton foulard in foliage green tones, navy blue wool crepe and angora, wool jersey in almond green will make up attractively for all-around wear. In the 36-inch size, 4 1/2 yards of 40-inch material is required. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

We suggest that when you send for this pattern, you enclose 10 cents additional for a copy of our Spring Fashion Magazine. It's just filled with delightful styles, including smart ensembles, and cute designs for the kiddies.

### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McParland Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

"You are top of your class, so tell me what that is?"

"It is a capital S."—Pages Gates, Yverdon.

W. N. U. 1781



CAPTAIN E. GILLAM

who for many years has been piloting vessels of the B.C. Coast Steamship service, in and around the west coast, has been transferred to captain of the Princess Norah, newest ship in that particular service. He first took the bridge of the Norah when the Vice-regal party were guests of the Canadian Pacific Railway on a four-day cruise up the west coast of Vancouver Island.

### Peace River Land For Homesteading

Former Forest Reserve Near B.C. Boundary To Be Thrown Open

About 6,000 homesteads or approximately 1,000,000 acres in the Grande Prairie District, Peace River, Alberta, and in the Peace River Block in British Columbia will shortly be thrown open for entry, according to information reaching the Colonization Department of the Canadian National Railways here. This area includes land formerly held as forestry reserves lying between the sixth meridian and the British Columbia boundary line and bounded on the north by the south line of township 51 and on the south by the Watpiti River. An additional area will also be surveyed and thrown open to homesteading. It is expected that entry may be made for some of these lands by about April 15th.

Canada, with one tenth of the world's coal deposits, is in an enviable position, according to Sir Arthur Ditchman, head of the British mission to Australia on Empire Trade.

The Girl: "What is your opinion of those girls who imitate men?"

The Man: "They're idiots."

The Imitation is perfect, eh?"

### KING AND QUEEN AT BOGNOR



During a band concert given in front of Craigwell House, near Bognor, the King took occasion to walk down to the seawall to say a few words to the crowd collected there. The loud cheers that greeted him were interspersed with shouted good wishes for his further recovery. That both the King and Queen were delighted by the welcome accorded them may be surmised from the smiles seen in this picture which is one of the first to show the King walking after his lung illness.

### Forty Million Hens

The Enormous Production Of Eggs In Canada

Canadian poultry flocks are estimated to include about forty million hens from which the enormous egg production of the country is obtained. By actual test many of these hens lay very few eggs or none at all, while many others make creditable records by producing upwards of three hundred eggs in a year. The use of the trap nest is throwing much light on the actual performance of hens.

For nine years the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa has been operating a policy known as Record of Performance for Poultry, whereby yearly egg laying records have been kept for an increasing number of birds. Since the work began 162,873 birds had been trap nested up to the end of November, last year. The work has been increasing from year to year until 288 flock owners entered birds last year. This was an increase of thirty-six breeders and 5,893 birds over the previous year.

The birds when entered are numbered with leg bands, and those that lay 150 eggs or over, qualify for Record of Performance certificates; those that lay 225 eggs or over, qualify for advanced certificates. In either case the eggs must weigh not less than two ounces each, and have been laid within a twelve month period. Through the distribution of eggs and breeding stock from the Record of Performance flocks, the egg laying qualities of the flocks of the country are being built up. The gain thus made is regarded as almost clear gain because production is increased without the necessity of increasing the number of hens kept.

The report of the Record of Performance work carried on by the live stock branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, for last year is an interesting document and one of great value to egg farmers who may be looking for hatching eggs or breeding stock with which to improve their flocks. This report for last year, numbered 8, is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

### A Lesson In Honesty

A little boy had been reported to his father for stealing apples from the stall outside a fruiterer's shop, and the parent was pointing out the evils of theft.

"My boy," he said, "you must have known that it is dishonest to steal. And, in any case, didn't your conscience tell you the man was watching?"

Boss: "I suppose you've noticed we have a dozen rather pretty stenographers here?"

Applicant: "Er—no, sir."

Boss: "Get out—I won't hire a liar."

## Number Of Titled Canadians Is Found To Be Now Approaching Vanishing Point

### The Problem Of Weeds

Weeds Drive Farms Into Abandonment In Some Sections

Farm weeds have for many years menaced the growing of farm crops. Indeed there are parts of Canada in both the older settled districts of Ontario and the prairie lands of the West where weeds have become so prevalent as to drive farms into abandonment. To study the question of weeds from an economic standpoint, the division of botany of the experimental farms have conducted a survey over most of Eastern Canada, including the province of Ontario, and has made a report of the work accomplished in the report of the Dominion Botanist for 1927. In all a little more than 600 species of weeds and poisonous plants have been discovered and their habitat located. Fifty of the worst of these are listed in the report, which is published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, in the order of their prevalence. In concluding his report on the weed survey, the Dominion Botanist points out that even in the newer sections of the country weeds have been found to be a limiting factor in crop production, justifying strong measures of control to avoid increasing trouble in future years.

### Making Scientific Hay

Another Use To Which Electricity Is Being Directed

Making hay without sunshine is one of the 200 uses of electricity developed by Eriase Matthews, pioneer in the application of electricity to the uses of agriculture. He has an "electro farm" of 600 acres in Sussex, England, and intends launching a scheme for rural electrification of Lincolnshire over an area of 1,280 square miles, with a capital of \$50,000. This has been granted a special order by the electricity commission.

Matthews is convinced that the farmers of Lincolnshire are keen to develop the use of electricity, examples of which he quotes as electric threshing, electric plowing, electric churning and use of ultra-violet rays for poultry and pigs.

### Muskox Sanctuary

15,000 Acres Set Aside To Preserve Almost Extinct Species

A 15,000 acre sanctuary for the almost extinct muskox is being mapped out in the Thelon territory, east of Great Slave Lake by W. H. Goare, explorer of the North West Territories, and Warden J. A. Knox, of Fort Smith. They have already completed an examination and survey of the southern portion of the proposed preserve having begun this work last April. Muskox have been seen in the district, so Mr. Goare reports, and also large herds of caribou.

### Record Price For Calf

Boy Sells Calf At Calgary Spring Livestock Show For \$2,820

A record price was established at the recent Calgary spring live stock show when the first calf in the boys' and girls' calf feeding competition sold for three dollars a pound. This calf, an Aberdeen Angus, shown by Harold Richardson, of Bowden, Alberta, was an outstanding winner in its class. It was purchased by a Calgary butcher, and at a weight of 940 pounds, brought its young owner the handsome return of \$2,820.

### The Retort Courtious

For years a bitter feud had existed between the Browns and the Robinsons. The trouble started through the depredations of Brown's cat, and had grown so fixed an affair that neither party ever dreamed of "making it up." One day, however, Brown sent his maid next door with a peace-making note for Mrs. Robinson, which read:

"Mr. Brown sends his compliments to Mrs. Robinson and begs to say that his old cat died this morning."

Robinson's reply was bitter:

"Mr. Robinson is sorry to hear of Mr. Brown's trouble, but he had not heard that Mrs. Brown was ill."

Angry Passenger—What good are the figures set down in these railway time tables?

Genial Stationmaster—Why, if it weren't for them figures we'd have no way of findin' out how late the trains are.

Nitroglycerine, the powerful explosive, is also one of the most potent heart stimulants known.

The number of titled Canadians is gradually diminishing. Slowly and inexorably time is rounding off the work which the Canadian parliament began in the spring of 1918, and eventually, save for descendants of a few hereditary peers resident in this country, a generation in the not remote future will see Canada completely divested of men upon whom the sovereign had conferred titular distinctions.

Knighthood has not flowered in the Dominion for more than 10 years. And only a few weeks ago the House of Commons gave emphasis again to their resolve that within the lifetime of the present parliament at least, there was little prospect of Canada's return to titles.

In 1918 Canada was represented in the peerage by eight persons: of baronets and knights there were in all 95. Since then 10 titles were conferred on soldiers and military administrators, bringing the total to 113. In the present year of grace Canada's representation among the peers of the realm has been reduced to five barons; there are eight baronets and 71 knights—a total of 81 and a diminution of 29 in the last decade.

These figures are recalled by the recent debate in the House of Commons when the effort was made to reopen the question of titles. C. H. Cuban, Conservative member for St. Lawrence-St. George, Montreal, sponsored a resolution which would have had the whole matter made the subject of enquiry by a parliamentary committee. Explaining his purpose, Mr. Cuban said it was desirable to remove the anomaly which arose from the fact that while in 1918 parliament banned the bestowal of titles on Canadians by His Britannic Majesty the same inhibition did not extend to foreign sovereigns. Out of this had developed the curious situation of alien monarchs exercising with respect to Canadians a prerogative denied to King George himself.

Mr. Cahane's resolution had the support of Premier W. L. Mackenzie King and Hon. R. B. Bennett, leader of the opposition. In spite of this the rank and file of House of Commons voted overwhelmingly against it and for the time being the "status quo" was maintained.

The abolition of titles in Canada was one of the first offspring of the Union government, following the hasty election of 1917. It was on April 8, 1918, that W. F. Nickle, Union member for Kingston, first introduced his famous resolution praying that "His Majesty may hereafter be graciously pleased to refrain from conferring hereditary titles upon his subjects domiciled or living in Canada." Extreme democrats were dissatisfied with this; they thought the resolution was not sufficiently weighty. A champion arose in the person of the late R. L. Richardson, another Unionist from Springfield, Man., better known as "Fighting Bob" of the Winnipeg Tribune. Mr. Richardson moved to eliminate the word "hereditary," thus placing a ban on titles of any sort.

It was at this stage that the then Prime Minister, Sir Robert Borden, intervened. To the amazement of the House of Commons, he announced that on March 25—two weeks prior to the introduction of the Nickle resolution—the government had passed an order-in-council which had been submitted to the British Colonial Secretary. This requested "that no honor or titular distinction (saving those granted in recognition of military service during the present war or ordinarily bestowed by the sovereign 'proprio motu') shall be conferred upon a subject of His Majesty resident in Canada, except with the approval and advice of the Prime Minister of Canada."

Sir Robert made the matter one of confidence. The debate was warm, for many arose to defend this ancient institution. One of its severest critics, however, was Sir William Laurier himself. The aged Liberal chieftain said: "I am quite prepared, if we can do it without any disrespect to the Crown of England, to bring our titles to the marketplace and make a bonfire of them."

She—I have something, dear. I would like to speak to you about.

He—I'm glad of that. As a rule you want to speak of something you haven't got.

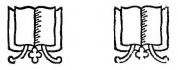
Farmer A—Have you finished plowing the ten-acre field?

Farmer B—Yes.

Farmer A—Then you can attend to the harrowing details.



# BEAUTIFUL CANADA



## Clean Up, Paint Up, Keep It Up --- Increases the Value of Your Property

### WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The government proposes to create a national park in Manitoba, it will be in the Riding Mountains and will embrace 1,000,000 acres.

After half a century as sergeant-at-arms in the Manitoba legislature, John McDougall, 59, died April 30, at his home at Lockport, Minn.

The King, ordered conferred on General Brunwell Booth, deposed commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, the Order of Companion of Honor.

Where the Ashburton-Webster treaty was signed eighty-seven years ago, a plaque was unveiled recently by Kiwanis International as a memorial to the friendship between Canada and the United States.

Yemasa Tokugawa, former councillor of the Japanese embassy at London, and grandson of the last of the Tokugawa shoguns, has been appointed to the newly created post of minister of the Japanese Empire in Canada.

A shipment of \$8,000,000 of gold from Germany arrived recently at New York on the liner "Hamburg." Since March, when the present movement of gold started, \$30,023,000 of the metal has been sent from Berlin to New York.

Professor J. B. Sackville, of the University of Alberta, Edmonton, is the newly chosen president of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists. The officers for 1929-30 take over their duties at the annual convention to be held in Winnipeg in June.

**Requisite On the Farm.**—Every farmer and stock-raiser should keep a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil on hand, not only as a ready remedy for ills in the family, but because it is a horse and cattle medicine of great potency. As a substitute for sweet oil for horses and cattle affected by colic it far surpasses anything that can be administered.

**Manitoba Highways.**—A start on the construction of Manitoba's section of the Trans-Canada Highway eastward to the Ontario boundary, will be made this year, it was announced in the Legislature, when supplementary estimates were before the House for approval. An item of \$200,000 for a start on the highway was passed. The cost when completed will be approximately \$500,000, it was stated.

### What Will you do



### When your Children Cry for It

There is hardly a household that hasn't heard of Castoria! At least five million homes are never without it. If there are children in your family, there's almost daily need of its good fort. And any night may find you very thankful there's a bottle in the house. Just a few drops, and that colic or constipation is relieved; or diarrhoea checked. A vegetable product; a baby remedy meant for young folks. Castoria is about the only thing you have ever heard doctors advise giving to infants. Stronger medicines are dangerous to a tiny baby, however harmless they may be to grown-ups. Good old Castoria! Remember the name, and remember to buy it. It may save you a sleepless, anxious night. It is always ready, always safe to use, in emergencies, or for everyday ailments. Any hour of the day or night that Baby becomes fretful, or restless, Castoria was never more popular with mothers than it is today. Every druggist has it.



W. N. U. 1784

### Paint Pointers

In finishing wood it is important that the groundwork be sandpapered and thoroughly dusted off before the next coat is applied. Dusting is indispensable to good workmanship, particularly in the case of woodwork, furniture and automobiles, where a high gloss is the aim of the finisher, and this holds good whether the work is to be finished in varnish, enamel, color varnish, or even in a high gloss oil paint. Without the dust, even when other conditions are perfect, work will present a blotched, dirty looking, and seedy appearance, and the higher the gloss in the finishing product, the more this condition will be reflected. "Dusting off" does not mean that the dust should be scattered from any given surface with a rag or anything that comes handy. It simply means that a soft brush, painter's duster is to be used and that the dust is not only to be removed from the surface under treatment, but also from everything in close proximity to the scene of operations.

In the application of paint to ironwork, the first thing to be done is to get the surface absolutely free from rust. A mere scratch with a knife will seldom be sufficient; a good scrubbing with a wire scratch brush is more effective. The success of varnishing does not depend altogether on the quality of the varnish itself. The conditions necessary to ensure satisfactory work are numerous, but the most important are, cleanliness of brushes and surroundings, and a warm temperature.

The first coat on new plaster should be very thin in order that the paint may penetrate and harden the surface so as to form a key for the following coat. Abundance of time should be allowed between each coat.

Split, curled up shingles, even when re-stained or painted, represent a depreciation far in excess of the cost of periodical painting.

The easiest and quickest way to stir up a can of paint is to pour oil from the top, stir up the pigment in the bottom of the can with a fairly wide paddle, then pour back the liquid gradually, stirring well. We are not to stir with a circular and upward motion of the paddle. For perfect mixing, complete the operation by pouring the paint back and forth, several times, from one container into another.

It is always best to bed sash, because it very easily happens that glass is perfectly laid on its flat side, hence does not lie flat against the wood. The bedding putty should be soft enough to run freely from under the thumb.

Whenever possible, shingles, for at least three-quarters of their length, should be dipped in a vat of stain and after they are laid on a finishing coat applied with a brush.

Duster brushes should be washed with soap and water before being used on white woodwork, otherwise they are apt to discolor the purity of the ground.

Chamois skins for finishing work should never be thrown on the floor nor allowed to come in contact with gritty substances.

Raw linseed oil and turpentine, mixed, is an infinitely better medium than water for keeping brushes soft.

Spots of flat wall paint from ceilings or walls should never be allowed to dry on the woodwork. They should be wiped off at the end of the morning's work, and again at the end of the day, with a rag soaked in turpentine. A little labor expended in this way will save hours of hard work in the finishing of the floors and woodwork.

The time allowed for drying between coats depends on conditions of temperature, ventilation and surface. This does not mean that a paint manufacturer who declares on his label that forty-eight hours should elapse between coats is merely guessing. Not at all! The product has undoubtedly been tested and manufactured to act on this time schedule under fair conditions, but unfortunately, it is likely to be applied under conditions that are decidedly unfair—such as a cold room, no ventilation, greasy or smoky surface—and in such cases the scheduled time of forty-eight hours ceases to possess any value as a reliable guide. As a matter of fact the correct time lapse may be four days—or a week! When the preceding coat is so dry that there is absolutely no suspicion

of "tackiness" under a firm pressure of the fingers or hand, the second may be safely applied.

### SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 12

#### THE EARLY MINISTRY OF JEREMIAH

Golden Text: "We must obey God rather than men."—Acts 5:29.  
Lesson: Jeremiah 1:1-10; 6:10, 11; 8:18; 9:2; 26:1-24.  
Devotional Reading: Psalm 20:1-7.

#### Explanations and Comments

Jeremiah's Call and Consecration, 1:1-10.—Jeremiah was the son of Hilkiah (not the Hilkiah who found the book of the law, our last lesson), a priest in the little town of Anathoth, near Jerusalem. Jeremiah's name ("appointed by God"), and his father's ("Jehovah is my portion"), are tokens of the family's loyalty to the God of Israel, "at a time when the outburst among the Jews of a very different class of personal names betrays on the part of many a lapse from the true faith, and when the loyal remnant of the people were being persecuted by King Manasseh."

In the thirteenth year of Josiah's reign (about 623 B.C.), Jeremiah became conscious of a divine call to the prophetic office. It is natural to understand that Jeremiah had long meditated upon his country's sin, had felt impelled to witness against them, but was most reluctant to undertake the task. The inward struggle which took place in his sensitive and shrinking heart when something different from his ordinary consciousness made him certain that he was destined to be the "prophet of woe," he tells in the form of a dialogue between God and himself.

Jeremiah speaks: "Ah, Lord Jehovah! behold, I know not how to speak; for I am a child." Jeremiah was not a child in years, but in consciousness of ability. He distrusted himself at the moment of his call. Once it was a Moses, then it was a Gideon, then an Isaiah, and now a Jeremiah, all of whom re-echo the plaint of their own weakness. But although their first reaction was like that of Hamlet when he cried:

"The time is out of joint;—O, cursed spite!  
That ever I was born to set it right."

yet when all there was no delay in rendering themselves more fit for their tasks.

"There is a lesson here for all who in any degree the tyranny of their outward lot. There are hard facts against which we must stand. We are not to set to tasks which we would fain refuse, or to work we are placed in surroundings which we think unsuitable. We are all tempted to turn to the easy ways of escaping the burden. We can learn from Jeremiah the paramount claim of duty. If it be the will of God that you must tread a path that you choose not, from which the weak heart shrinks, know that the blessedness promised by Christ is yours, and cherish the thought of a closer communion with Him who also was made perfect through suffering."—Hugh Black.

Jehovah speaks: "Say not, I am a child; for to whomsoever I shall send thee thou shalt go, and whatsoever I shall command thee thou shalt speak. Be not afraid because of them; for I am with thee to destroy them." "Jehovah put forth His hand and touched my mouth;" thus Jeremiah years afterward expressed the thought of how burning were the words of Jehovah which seemed to come to him.

#### A Female Pied Piper

Woman in London Declares Rats Are Charming Creatures

A woman's love for rats has led to a certain quantity of London being so overrun with the pests that official action is to be taken. This female Pied Piper declares that rats are charming creatures, and she places food in her garden for them every morning and evening. Neighbors have protested so loudly that efforts are to be made to capture the rats by smoking them out. There is nothing under the existing law to prevent persons feeding any kind of animals or vermin on their own ground.

#### Tangled Titles

Pletcher: "How did the jury come to in that Army Post case?"  
Barker: "They disagreed on the question of titles."  
Pletcher: "What do you mean?"  
Barker: "They said they couldn't hold a Colonel in a Major crime arising from a Private quarrel!"

Life is a grindstone, and whether it grinds a man down or polishes him up depends on the kind of stuff he's made of.

Mrs. Josiah Warboys, Ashwell, Herts, has lived 68 years in one house.

### Repainting Wooden Buildings

It is always good policy to re-paint a building before the previous coat has fallen into a bad state. If the work is done while the old coat is in good condition and the same value of paint is used ("the referring not to color but to the paint's degree of lightness or darkness"), one coat is usually sufficient when a good house paint is employed.

If, however, the old coat has been permitted to fall into a state of disrepair, it will be necessary, in order to put the surface into good condition, to use two and sometimes even three coats of paint.

If, owing to the use of a cheap ochre primer, or because the previous painting was applied on damp wood, or because of any other malpractice, the old coat has become hopelessly blistered and is peeling, the only safe course is to remove it entirely. If this is not done, the new coat (no matter how good your materials may be, and no matter how excellently you may have done the work), will be lifted off by the continued peeling and cracking of the old under-coat.

The best way to remove paint from large surfaces is to burn it off with a blow torch. This method consists in softening the paint with intense heat, generated by the torch, and scraping it off while still hot with a metal scraper. It is advisable to employ an experienced man for this work.

After the old coat has been entirely removed, and the surface of the wood sand-papered and dusted off in the usual way, the building should be painted in the same manner as directed for new wooden buildings.

Usually an old coat which is in fair condition will merely require treatment with a coarse wire brush and scraper in order to remove the loose particles adhering to the surface. It should then be dusted off and given two coats of paint.

The first coat is prepared in the following manner. If the surface seems unusually porous, a half-gallon of pure raw linseed oil and a pint of turpentine should be added to each gallon of paint. If the surface is hard and smooth, omit the oil but add a pint of turpentine to a gallon of paint.

The second coat of paint should be applied as it comes from the can.

Both these coats should be applied with the same care as is given to a new job and the general directions for painting new wooden buildings should be re-read and followed.

#### Staining Shingle Roofs

Use a good shining stain. Before beginning the work, see that the shingles are dry and clean.

As a matter of economy it is better to dip shingles in bulk before laying them. Dip them in and out as frequently as possible and wipe them off by rubbing across a stick covered with burlap. Then allow them to drain off in a drip trough. They should be stained for only about two-thirds of their length. Stain the exposed ends only.

Paint is best for old, weather-beaten shingles, blackened by age and exposure. The priming coat should be prepared as directed for house painting and should be brushed out well with careful attention to the ends of the shingles. The second and finishing coat should be applied as it comes from the can.

#### A Reasonably Question

An eager looking urchin approached a man hurrying towards the railway station. "Carry your bag, sir?" he asked. "No," snapped the man. "I'll carry it all the way for thee," said the boy. "I tell you I don't want it carried!" snarled the man. "Don't you?" "No, no." Whereupon the lad broke quickly into a run, keeping up with his victim's hasty strides, as he asked, in innocent curiosity, "Then what are you carrying it for?"

#### Uplifted Of Railway

Half a million cubic yards of ballast, 150 miles of fencing, 55,000 tons of rails, more than a million and a half sleepers are used annually by the London and North-Eastern Railway to maintain their 7,000 miles of line.

London has more than 20,000 bobbies—English policemen.

### Floor Coverings

Next to the walls and ceiling, the floor presents the largest area in the room, and consequently its covering should be well thought out and carefully selected.

The floor, as well as the ceiling, is a plane which holds the four walls of the room together. While the walls form the background for furnishings, the floor is the foundation. A good foundation is always essential to any well-designed decorative plan.

Linoleum floors are attractive, resilient, shock-absorbing, durable, warm in winter and cool in summer. Waxing linoleum gives it a softer, smoother texture and preserves it indefinitely.

For the average room, a rug with a plain ground and a neat border, or neat all-over pattern of floor covering is more desirable than one with a decided pattern.

Large and bold patterns have a decided tendency to make the room look smaller. The patterns are apt to jump and as the ideal floor covering furnishes the foundation for furnishings it must be made to keep its place on the floor. When there is a great deal of furniture, a boldly figured floor covering gives a confused appearance to the room and destroys its restful, harmonious appearance.

Boldly patterned rugs usually come in strong colorings, and this also makes them exceedingly difficult to fit into a soft, harmonious color scheme.

Figured floor coverings, however, have their place. In rooms which are sparsely furnished or where the furniture is of a light and simple type, they add to the "furnished" appearance of the room. That is, they take away bareness. In large rooms which are sparsely furnished, figured rugs are particularly advantageous.

In dining rooms, it is usually preferable to have a figured floor covering, as it does not show soil or stain so quickly as plain floor coverings. In bedrooms where the furniture is of a light type, a figured floor covering adds to the comfortable appearance of the room. In sleeping porches, enclosed porches or breakfast rooms, where the furniture is not usually plentiful, either tile effects or a bold figured floor covering adds greatly to the finished appearance of the room.

It is a wise plan when a highly figured floor covering is used to use hangings or upholstery material in a plain color or in a neat and unobtrusive all-over pattern. On the other hand, if the hangings or upholstery is figured, plain floor coverings are best. Too many figured patterns in a room create the feeling of motion and the effect produced lacks restfulness. Too many plain surfaces, on the other hand, tend to make a room look bare and uninteresting. Some figured material should be used in every room, but it should be balanced with a proportionate quantity of plain material or surfaces without design.

In selecting a figured pattern, the colors must be considered first. For general use, strong or vivid colors should never be selected. Small all-over patterns are, in most cases, preferable to large sprawling ones. The tone of the floor covering should always be deeper than that of the walls or furniture, as the ground we walk on is always darker than the sky or the landscape. Light-colored floor coverings are exceedingly difficult to fit into a harmonious scheme.

Irish Magistrate: "The defendant swears he was perfectly sober."

Policeman: "He was absolutely intoxicated. If he had been perfectly sober he would have known he was drunk and not made a disturbance."

#### FINDING THIS LABEL



ON  
Women's Sweaters  
Underwear, House Dresses  
assures you of the best possible value for your money

GAULT'S LIMITED  
Winnipeg Edmonton

### Laying and Preserving Linoleum

The ideal method of laying linoleum is to cement it over deadening felt paper, which should first be pasted to the floor with any standard make of linoleum paste. This overcomes bulging and stretching, or opening up of seams and cracks along the edges. It also prevents water from getting underneath the linoleum and in that way prolongs the life of the flooring.

Linoleum laid in this manner becomes a solid, permanent, elastic floor. It cannot bulge or stretch. The felt paper foundation absorbs all expansion or contraction that may take place in the wood floor and makes the linoleum more durable. It also allows the linoleum to be removed without difficulty or damage should the necessity arise.

The most approved manner of treating linoleum has been found to be waxing. The wax should be carefully rubbed on and the floor polished like hardwood. An occasional treatment of this kind will keep the linoleum in an immaculate condition.

A damp cloth removes all soil from the waxed linoleum and it will be found that scrubbing is entirely unnecessary.

In case there should be obstinate marks of soil on waxed linoleum, they can be removed with a pad of fine steel wool without scratching or damaging the linoleum itself.

Varnishing is best for printed linoleum, as it brightens and preserves the original pattern and makes the linoleum easier to clean. A coat of good varnish or white shellac will also preserve cork carpet.

**Many Varieties Of Bananas**  
Although most of us know only two varieties of bananas by sight, there are numerous others, the Philippine Islands claiming fifty-seven, Malay, thirteen, Spain, ten, and Burma, eight.

Australia supplies one-fifth of the world's supply of wool.

### DIAMOND A HOUSE PAINT



MY FIRST CHOICE  
because it's  
Absolutely Pure—  
Covers More—  
Looks Better—  
LASTS LONGER

W. J. H. ASHDOWN & CO. LIMITED  
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, CANADA  
SOLE AGENTS



### Kyanize

Ceoloid Finish

Tints of Amazing Charm.—For tiding furniture, walls and woodwork, this satin-gloss, waterproof enamel brushed on with ease, dry overnight, produces a velvet "rubbed" effect without rubbing. Flakes and soil, without leaving ridges or brush marks. Twelve dainty tints and colors in addition to black and white. Covers additional class by simple mixing. Covers and hides so completely that one coat is usually sufficient.

TRY CELOID  
If you're not amazed, we'll refund the purchase price.



Hot or Cold!  
It Matters Not

Alabastine mixes readily with hot or cold water and remains fluid no matter how long it stands. Will not rub off.

Use a soft bristle brush.

CHURCH'S HOT OR COLD WATER  
Alabastine



## TO POSTPONE DISCUSSION OF NAVAL PROBLEM

Geneva.—Complete agreement has been reached by the big five naval powers to refrain from detailed examination of the naval problem at the present session of the preparatory commission for a disarmament conference. It was learned here in responsible circles.

The question of reduction of the fleets as a supplement to the Washington naval treaty will be adjourned to a date which will be left undecided. Meantime, the five powers will continue conversations on the naval problem. The form of these conversations was understood to be not yet determined, but would presumably be exchanges of notes between the five nations.

These may possibly develop into a meeting of experts from Great Britain, the United States, Japan, France and Italy.

The main theme of these conversations will be the American suggestion for agreement on the formula for estimating the equivalent tonnage of cruisers, destroyers and submarines by considering such factors as age, units, displacement and calibre of guns.

It was understood that Japan in particular, the most distant of the five countries from Geneva, wants ample time to study the American ideas, which are understood to be received by the powers generally with favor.

## Tribute To Wheat Pool

Reference Made To A. J. McPhail In United States Senate

Washington.—Running through much of the discussion of the farm relief bill in the Senate are references to the Canadian Wheat Pool and its workings as explained recently before the Senate committee on Agriculture by A. J. McPhail, of Regina, head of the Pool. It was frequently pointed out in the debate that the stabilization corporations under the pending farm relief bill are expected to function much as the great co-operative pool of Canada functions.

Senator Norbeck, of South Dakota, prominent member of the Senate committee on agriculture, paid high tribute in a speech recently to Mr. McPhail. Senator Norbeck said Mr. McPhail was sincere and careful in his statements. He emphasized, however, that the Canadian Pool had not brought Canadian wheat farmers a very large increase in prices.

Senator Norbeck, in summing up, said Mr. McPhail stated frankly that the big result of the Canadian wheat pool was the better spirit of co-operation that had been developed among the farmers. He counted the small additional price they had secured as the most prominent reward.

## Canada Had Good Year

League Review Shows Dominion Enjoying Unprecedented Prosperity

Geneva.—"Canada enjoyed a year of unprecedented prosperity," says the Review of Economic Conditions in 1928, issued by the League of Nations, as a basis of the work of the consultative economic committee.

North America, the report continues, it seems probable was the continent where trade developed most rapidly. The United States not only maintained its position of the world's leading commercial country but increased its excess of exports over imports.

## New Coal Agreement

Geneva.—The economic committee of the League of Nations, which has made exhaustive investigation of the world crisis in the coal industry, reported that international agreements between producers concerning output and markets must be made if there is to be hope for improvement. A similar conclusion was recently reached by experts on the sugar situation.

## Loyalty Of Academics

Ottawa, Ont.—In replying to the criticisms leveled against him in the House of Commons, Hon. Peter Veniot, in a spirited speech on the loyalty of the Academics of which he was one, to the British crown. He did so, he said, because his loyalty had been attacked by certain newspapers.

W. N. U. 1784

## Rioting In Berlin

Communists Suffer Casualties In May Day Battle

Berlin.—Communists in an attempt to "conquer the streets" for May Day, caused a ugly riot in the working class quarter in northern Berlin. They created barricades, using street repair material, and held off police with rifle and pistol fire until armored cars forced the obstructions and enabled the authorities to clear out the surrounding houses.

At midnight the casualties for the day had mounted to eight dead and 78 seriously wounded. Hundreds of others suffered bruises from missiles or policemen's clubs.

The rioters erected barricades in the main thoroughfare of the Pankrassee and its side streets. The police charged them repeatedly with intent until the commanding officer realized that his force was too weak for these tactics and ordered his men to open fire. Then armored cars were brought up by the police and finally captured the barricade.

## Opening Canadian Legation In Tokio

Hon. Herbert Marler Will Take Up Duties As Minister

Ottawa, Ont.—It has been announced from the department of external affairs that Hon. Herbert Marler, before undertaking his duties as Canadian minister to Japan, is making a short visit to England. In the meantime, arrangements are being made for opening the Canadian legation in Tokyo. Mr. Hugh L. Keenleyside will be appointed first secretary and Charge D'Affaires until Mr. Marler's arrival in Japan, and James A. Langley, Canadian trade commissioner in Japan, will also act as commercial secretary of the legation. A third appointment will be made during the summer.

Mr. Keenleyside was born in Toronto, but has resided from an early age in Vancouver. He is a graduate of the University of British Columbia and of Clark University. Iyemasa Tokugawa has been appointed by the Japanese government as its representative at Ottawa.

## Canadian Press Meeting

Officers Are Elected At Annual Gathering In Toronto

Toronto.—The annual meetings of the board of directors and the members of the Canadian Press, the co-operative news association of the daily newspapers of Canada, extended over three days, were concluded by the election of officers for the year as follows:

Honorary president, E. Norman Smith, Ottawa Journal; president, John Scott, managing director of the Toronto Mail and Empire; first vice-president, M. E. Nichols, Winnipeg Tribune; second vice-president, Henri Gagnon, Quebec Le Soleil.

J. F. B. Livesey, continues as general manager and secretary. With a view to giving increased representation to the French language, daily newspapers of Quebec and also to the western provinces, the annual meeting enlarged the board of directors from 15 to 21.

## Italian Arrested For Killing Chancellor

Assassinate Official When Application For Documents Was Refused

Brussels, Belgium.—While walking along a street, Alfonso Arena, chancellor of the Italian legation in Luxembourg, was shot and killed.

His assailant, who was arrested, was an Italian cobler, named Gino, 29 years of age, a native of Massa Carrara, who recently settled in Luxembourg. He had applied to the legation for certain documents, but his application was refused.

## World's Largest Cattle Team

Harlowton, Mont.—The biggest cattle yoke ever made in the Northwest is too small for what is considered the largest cattle team in the world. That was the discovery made by Guy Howard after he completed a seven-foot yoke. Now he's engaged in making a 10-foot yoke which he believes will "fit" the team. The cattle together weigh 7,000 pounds.

## Punished For Native's Death

Pretoria, South Africa.—For the first time in many years a white farmer was flogged for injuring a native. Jack Natte, who tied a native employee head downward by the legs from a tree and lashed him so severely that he subsequently died, was sentenced to seven years at hard labor and the farmer received ten lashes in the Pretoria jail.

## CENSURE MOTION IS DEFEATED BY MAJORITY OF 24

Ottawa.—The House of Commons defeated another want of confidence motion involving censure of the postmaster-general. This time the amendment, which, like its predecessor, was moved by H. A. Stewart, Conservative member for Leeds, was defeated by 24 votes.

It was a general amendment declaring that "the administration of the post office department by the present postmaster-general has been characterized by inefficiency, disregard of the provisions of the civil service act, the post office act and other statutory authority, and merits the disapproval of this House." Mr. Stewart's former amendment, moved a few days ago, involved censure of the postmaster-general in connection with the appointment of a postmaster at Simcoe, Ont., it was defeated by 27 votes.

In the division today, the Conservatives carried with them in support of the amendment the majority of members of the U.F.A. group in the House, Liberals and Liberal-Progressives united in opposition to the amendment.

Votes recorded in favor of the amendment numbered 68, and against, 92.

In moving his amendment Mr. Stewart said facts had been brought out which had startled the country. The whole background of the matter was the civil service commission, and the attitude of the postmaster thereto. From October 1, 1926, to February 1, 1928, the postmaster-general has dismissed 98 postmasters, and from February, 1928, to April, 1929, eight more dismissals had been made.

In 32 cases of appointments by the commission, rejections had been made by Mr. Veniot. In some cases returned soldiers had been rejected in favor of civilians. He had dismissed for petty shortages men and women of the postal department all over Canada, but in the case of an inspector who it was shown had taken funds improperly, Mr. Veniot had not only increased his salary, but had given him an higher responsibility in office. The postmaster-general had impaired the efficiency of the civil service commission, and his attitude toward it was akin to contempt.

In reply, Mr. Veniot declared Mr. Stewart had omitted to point out in what way his administration was inefficient, or in what manner he had violated the civil service or any other act.

It was charged, he added, that he had disregarded certificates issued by the civil service commission. That was correct. But he had done so only for valid reasons, and was given authority to do so under the act. He had only done his duty, said the postmaster-general, as head of the postal service of Canada.

There had been charges which questioned his loyalty. These were unjust, Mr. Veniot said.

## Would Welcome Naval Reduction

Tokio.—It was learned here that Count N. Sako, Japanese delegate to the preparatory commission on disarmament at Geneva, had been instructed to agree to a proposal whereby a sub-committee would be formed by delegates from the five leading powers to consider proposals of the United States delegate, Hon. Hugh S. Gibson, for broad naval reduction.



## Tynside Trainees

Immigrants from Great Britain arriving on board the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Richmond" at Saint John on that vessel's first voyage to Canada. The men, who hail from Tynside, have all been trained in Canadian farming methods under the British Minister of Labor, in co-operation with the Canadian Pacific Railway. They are destined for all parts of Canada.

## WESTERN PILOT



Louis Burka, a student with Great Western Airways, Ltd., is believed to be the first woman pilot in Western Canada to take a passenger up in an aeroplane.

## Plan Second Air Derby

Winnipeg and St. Paul Will Stage Event This Month

St. Paul, Minn.—The second international air derby from St. Paul to Winnipeg was set for May 24 and 25. More than 25 planes are expected to enter this race, according to Julius Perit, aviation secretary of the St. Paul Association. The derby will be held in conjunction with the Canadian aviation meet and aircraft exhibition to be held in Winnipeg on the same dates.

The derby will leave St. Paul, May 24, and will arrive in Winnipeg the following day. The route is expected to take in Fargo and Grand Forks, N.D.

Announcement of the date of the derby was made following the visit to St. Paul of several members of the Winnipeg Flying Club on a goodwill tour to arouse interest in their air carnival.

The first air derby from St. Paul was staged last May as a goodwill tour to Winnipeg.

## Aviators Found Dead

Two Australians Meet Fate In Search For Lost Southern Cross

Sydney, N.S.W.—Suffering agony from thirst and exhausted by desperate efforts to take off from the rugged ground where they landed, Robert Hitchcock and Lieut. Keith Anderson of the aeroplane Kookaburra died some time either on or after April 12.

The grim story of the fate of the two men who had taken part in the search for the aeroplane Southern Cross, was revealed in the notes of a diary scrawled on the rudder of their plane.

First definite news of the death of the men came with the report from a land party that had made its way over the rough country to the stranded rescue plane.

## Miner's Fund Closed

London, Eng.—The Lord Mayor's fund for distressed miners, was closed after it had reached \$4,251,000. To this amount the government pound-for-pound grant must be added. The total amount for relief will therefore be \$8,502,000.

## Postpones Long Flight

Berlin.—Captain Hellmann Koehl, noted German trans-Atlantic flier, told the Associated Press that his projected flight to the United States with Col. James Fitzmaurice, could not be expected this year and possibly not for another two years.

## Battle With Bandits

Detroit Policeman Shoots Assailants In Attempted Hold-Up In Ontario

London, Ont.—Shot in the stomach, Robert Schact, alleged bandit, aged 20, Windsor taxi driver, and formerly of Yorkton, Sask., died on the highway, following an attempted hold-up of D. McLellan, a Detroit policeman and his wife, who were motoring on a holiday. Leo Derosches, 19, Ford City, Ont., was shot in the hip and lies in a London hospital under guard. A third bandit got away in the darkness.

On a crime cruise in a stolen car, Schact and his companions crowded McLellan's car into the ditch, Schact ordered the Detroit policeman to hand over his money. He picked the wrong man. McLellan for an answer ripped out a .32 revolver and fired twice from the hip. Schact dropped to the road mortally wounded along with Derosches. The third bandit picked up Schact and half carrying him, vanished into the darkness.

## Prairies Not Represented

Have No Men On This Year's Bisleys Team

Ottawa.—The personnel of the Canadian Bisleys team has been announced from the office of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association. There are five Toronto men on the team this year. Ottawa comes second with three, while Victoria and Vancouver have two each.

Five riflemen, including two from Hamilton, who were placed on the team, have been unable to accept, and the five next in order in the Bisleys aggregate, fired during the D.C.R.A. matches last August, will go in their stead. The team sails from Montreal on the S.S. Montrose, on June 12 and will be inspected the day previous.

Those who made the team, but who found it impossible to accept, included Sergt. H. W. Burton, Victoria.

## FAVOR PRINCIPLE OF INSURANCE FOR UNEMPLOYED

Ottawa.—The principle of insurance against unemployment, sickness and invalidity is accepted and endorsed by the special committee of Parliament on industrial and international relations in a report presented by its chairman, Cameron R. Macintosh, Liberal, North Battleford, in the House of Commons. The insurance should not be based on compulsory contributions derived from the state, employer and employees, the report states.

The report continues: "Your committee recognizes that while it is highly desirable that such legislation should be uniform in all the provinces, and while social insurance has a federal aspect, nevertheless, according to the department of labor under our constitution legislative jurisdiction in relation to the establishment of a compulsory system of unemployment insurance is vested exclusively in the provincial legislatures.

"Your committee finds that the provinces, on being consulted by the department of labor with regard to their attitude towards the establishment of a general scheme, do not appear to be prepared to take immediate action.

"Under these circumstances, your committee submits the following recommendations:

"(a)—That with regard to sickness insurance, the department of pensions and national health be requested to initiate a comprehensive survey of the field of public health, with special reference to a national health program. In this, it is believed that it would be possible to secure the co-operation of the provincial and municipal health departments, as well as the organized medical profession.

"(b)—That in the forthcoming census, provision should be made for the securing of the fullest possible data regarding the extent of unemployment and sickness; and that this should be compiled and published at as early a date as possible.

"(c)—That the federal government be requested to bring the subject matter of this reference before the next federal-provincial conference; and your committee suggests, when the agenda for such a conference is arranged that the provincial governments be invited to send representatives of both employer and employee to discuss the subject matter of this report."

## REQUIRE LARGER VESSELS FOR THE BAY ROUTE

Ottawa.—Adopting the annual report of the Canadian government merchant marine, the parliamentary committee on railways and shipping canvassed the whole of the government's shipping activities.

A suggestion by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Conservative, Vancouver Centre, that Sir Henry Thornton, president of the company, address himself to the task of reconstructing the finances of the C.G.M.M. with a view to eliminating the deadweight losses incurred year after year met with Sir Henry's approval.

He was giving that matter his consideration, he said. Hon. C. A. Dunning, minister of railways, asked if Mr. Stevens would support such a project if it were brought down by the government next year, and Mr. Stevens replied in the affirmative.

The commercial value of the Hudson Bay was discussed, but Sir Henry was opposed to Mr. Stevens' suggestion that the smaller boats of the company be put on that route in the beginning in order to demonstrate its feasibility. Mr. Dunning felt that in order to give the route a real "try-out" it would have to be done with vessels better equipped than the government steamers. He was confident however, that when everything was ready a proper trial would be given.

So far as the feasibility of the route was concerned, this had been demonstrated by the department of railways and canals whose ships had constantly gone into Hudson Bay. Mr. Dunning, expounding on the advantage of the route, cited how one ship, not belonging to the C.G.M.M., had loaded 3,000,000 feet of lumber at Vancouver, had come via the Panama Canal, and discharged its cargo at Churchill. An analysis of the costs showed that it was cheaper to transport the lumber in that way than to bring it in by rail from Vancouver to Churchill, even if the railway had then been built to Churchill.

When the port was ready to ship grain there would be no means found to carry it, said Mr. Dunning. The situation was unique. Most ports had grown, like Topsy, but this one had been made.

## Canoe Trip Across Canada

Two Montreal Youths Commence Journey From Vancouver

Vancouver.—Paul Pagnin and Richard Lesage, two Montreal youths, started out recently on what they hope will be a canoe trip across Canada. Their 16-foot canoe was laden with camp equipment and supplies as they pushed off from the recreation pier at English Bay to the farwells of a crowd which had gathered to wish them "bon voyage."

The canoeists plan to travel up the Fraser River to Lytton and from there up the Thompson River to Sicamous, as the first part of their trip. They expect to reach Halifax in seven months.

## Plane Races Thousand Miles To Hospital

Carried Woman Critically Ill From Alaska To Seattle

Seattle, Wash.—Ending a one thousand mile racing against death, the aeroplane Jancu landed here with Mrs. Peter Kostronietzoff, of Sitka, Alaska. A waiting ambulance rushed the woman, who was in a critical condition from septic poisoning, to hospital. The woman was brought in the plane from her Sitka home to Seattle when physicians said she had no chance of living unless afforded expert treatment and hospital facilities such as were unavailable in Alaska.

## China's Name For Hoover

Peking.—President Herbert Hoover has been given a new and more honorable name by the Chinese press since his assumption of the Presidency. The old name was "Hua-wa," and had no special meaning. The new name "Hu-hwa," contains the character for Buddha, and is extremely "honorable." Both names are an attempt to reproduce Mr. Hoover's name into Chinese characters.

Hon. R. B. Bennett Bereaved  
Vancouver.—Mrs. I. H. Weldon Coates, wife of Dr. H. Weldon Coates, and sister of Hon. R. B. Bennett, leader of the Conservative party in Canada, died at her home here following a long illness.

### Various Phases Being Taken Up By Saskatchewan Farmers

## Manitoba To Spend Large Amount On Highway

"What? Aren't you driving?" —  
Kasper, Stockholm.





